

Financial Report

Prepared for presentation to the Board of Trustees

July 19, 2018

AGENDA

- 1. FY19 State Appropriations
- 2. Long Term Capital Plan Preview

A Timely State Budget

Reduces Uncertainty

State Appropriation of \$594.6 Million

- □ Increase of \$11.6M or 2%
- □ \$58.9M for designated purposes;
- □ \$535.7M for general funds
- □ \$538.0M from EAF; \$56.6M from GRF
- □ Other state funds of \$5.8M

Student Financial Aid

- □ Level MAP Funding of \$401M
- □ New "Aim High" scholarship program (\$25M)

Capital Appropriation

- □ \$116M of Capital Reappropriated from FY2010
 - UIC Chemical Technology Building (\$68.0M)
 - UIC Dentistry Building (\$16.6M)
 - UIUC Bio-Processing Lab (\$11.8M)
 - UIS Public Safety Building (\$5.5M)
- □ \$29m Capital Renewal Funds (U of I)
- □ \$75M for higher education deferred maintenance
- □ Funds Allocated to CDB; contingent on bond financing

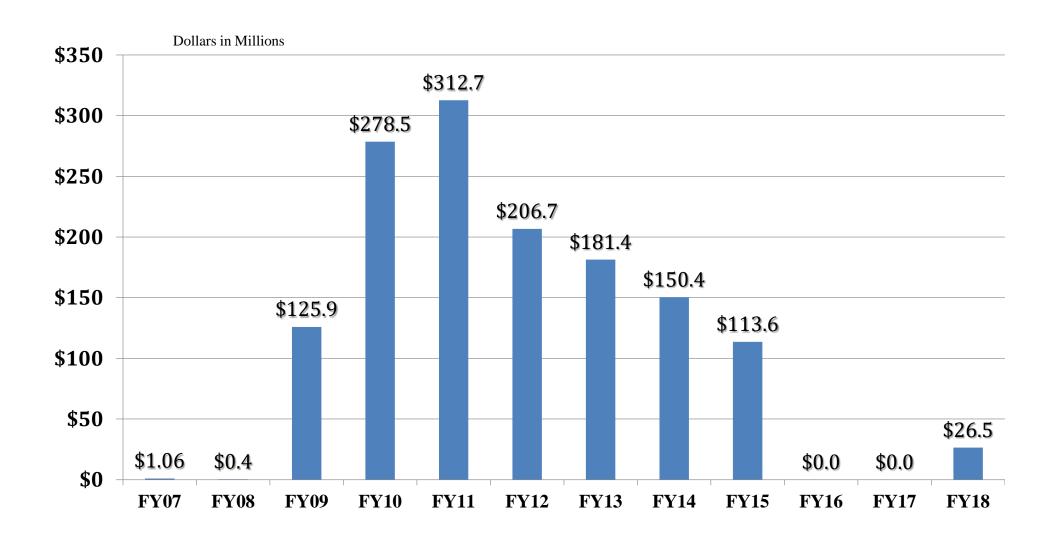
Funding for Discovery Partners Institute

- □ \$500M capital appropriation for IIN/DPI
- □ Allocated to DCEO; Bond financing

Pension Program

- ☐ Governor's pension cost shift proposal not enacted
- ☐ New 3% rule for calculating SURS obligation

Year End State Receivable



Long-Term (10 year) Capital Plan Physical Facilities



Four Questions?

What is the total need?

What are the priorities?

How much can we invest?

How would we fund?

The Process

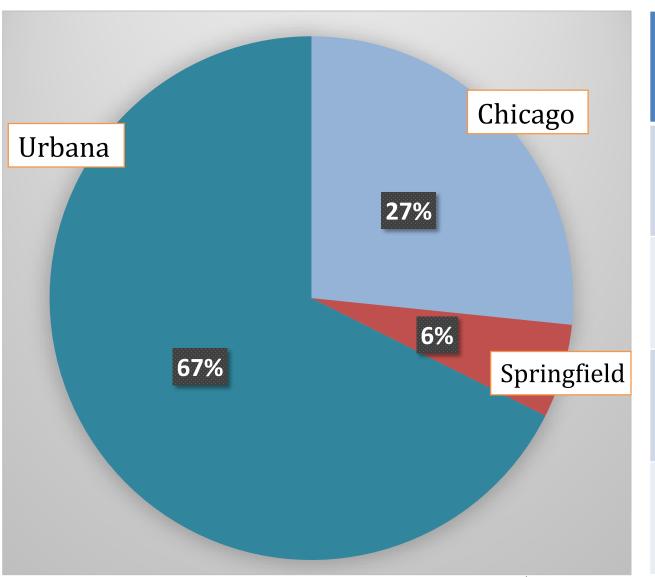
- Each university performed a needs analysis and compiled a list of projects
- Projects categorized by priority
- Includes academic, auxiliary, administrative and athletic facilities (physical infrastructure only)

Ten Year Capital Need

Identified 510 projects

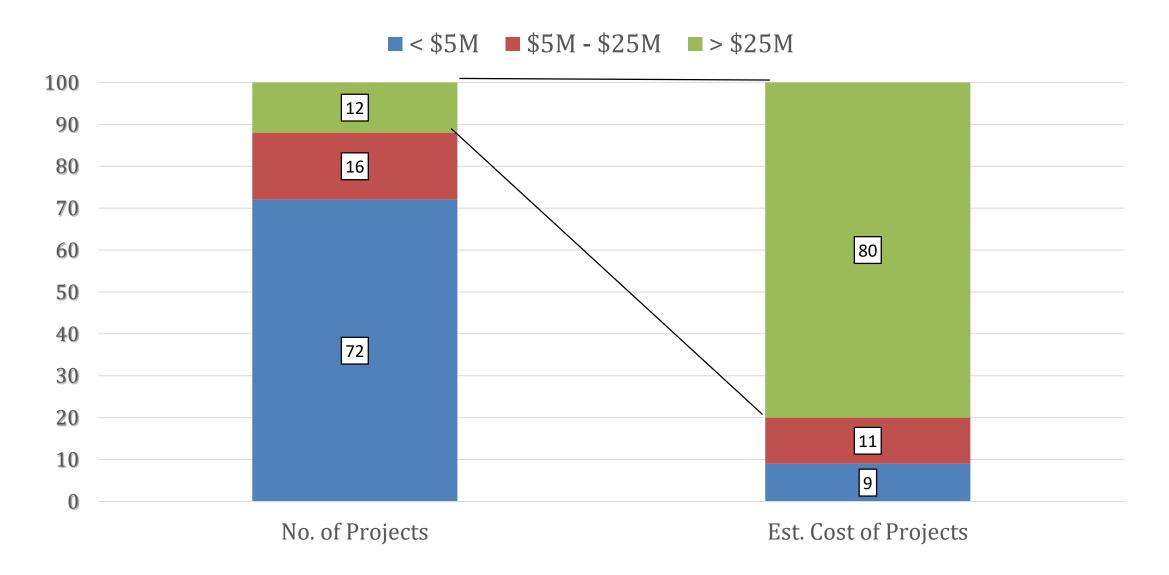
Estimated cost of nearly \$6 billion

Need By Location



	No. Of Projects	Estimated Cost
Chicago	159	\$1,587M
Springfield	84	\$345M
Urbana	267	\$4,027M
TOTAL	510	\$5,959M

Major Projects (> \$25M) Account For 80% of Cost



Priority Projects

332 Priority Projects

\$3.2 Billion Estimated Cost

71 Projects Greater than \$5 Million (\$2.42B)

Purpose of Priority Projects

Academic 68.5%

Auxiliary 23.4%

Health 4.2%

Athletic 3.2%

Administrative 0.7%

Type of Projects

New Building 52.1%

Renovation 24.4%

Remodel/Addition 12.8%

Deferred Maintenance 10.6%



Over \$1Billion of Projects Currently Underway



Currently Active Projects

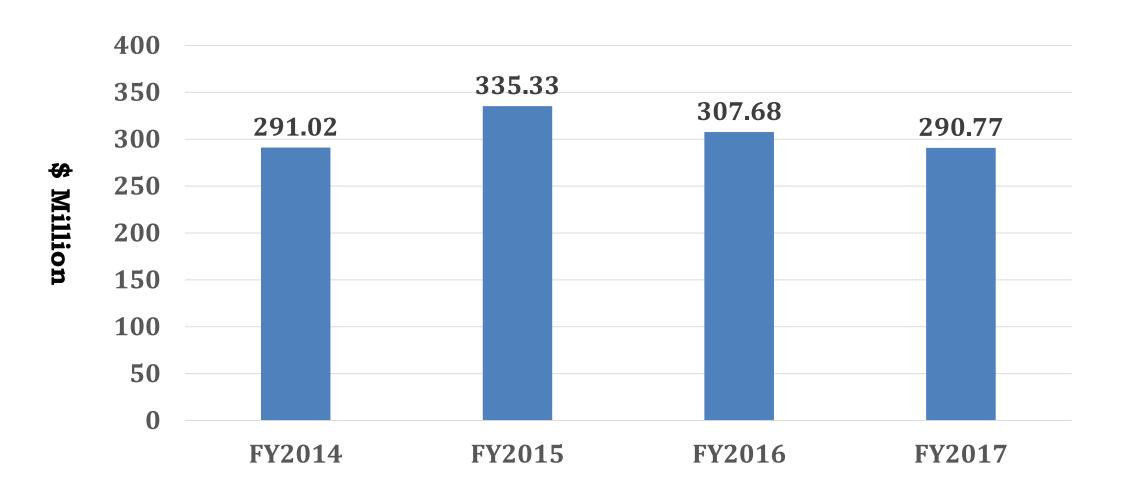
	Chicago	Springfield	Urbana	Total
Planning/ Design	\$51.9M	\$2.5M	\$231.5M	\$285.9M
Under Construction	329.3	2.7	528.6	860.6
Total	\$381.2	\$5.2	\$760.1	\$1,146.5

Values reported in \$ millions

There is Significant Need How Much Can We Invest?

Facility Construction, Repair and Renovation

FY14 - FY17 Total \$1.225 Billion



How Much Should We Invest in Capital Projects?

Indicator	University of Illinois FY2018 (Estimated)	
Capital Spending Ratio (X)	1.01	
Capital Investment to Operations (%)	4.69	

(1) Purchase of Capital Assets / Depreciation

(2) Purchase of Capital Assets / (Operating Expenses – Depreciation)

Are We Investing Enough in Capital Projects?

Indicator	University of Illinois FY2018	Moody's Median Aa3	Moody's Median A1	Median Comprehensive Public
Capital Spending Ratio (X)	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.4
Capital Investment to Operations (%)	4.7	10.3	11.3	8.9

(1) Purchase of Capital Assets / Depreciation

(2) Purchase of Capital Assets / (Operating Expenses – Depreciation)



Investment at Median A1 Level

Depreciation Level X 1.5 = \$394 Million

Leads to:

Capital Investment / Operations = 6.7%

Still less than A1 median value of 11.3%

Investments of \cong \$400 million/yr. consistent with norm

How Would We Fund?

Sources of Funding

- □ State Appropriations
- Capital Reserves
- Gift Funds
- □ Facility Maintenance Fee (AFMFA)
- Institutional Funds

Sources of Funding

- □ Public Private Partnerships (P3)
- Debt Financing
 - AFS/HSFS/COPS/ESCO

Creates Ability to Transfer Future Funds to the Present

Public Private Partnerships

Utilizes off balance sheet private capital

□ Shifts construction risk to private partner

Uses design-build process to deliver projects

Captures potential construction cost efficiencies



Implementing the P3 Model

- University contracts with developer
- Developer partners with a 501c3 organization that has been specially approved by IRS as tax-exempt financing conduit
- The developer contracts with architects, engineers and contractors and utilizes Illinois Finance Authority to issue tax-exempt debt
- University contracts to make annual payments
- University may provide upfront equity

Debt Financing

\$1.38 Billion of Debt
Used to Finance Variety of Projects

Capacity for Debt Financing

Retire Current Debt Issue New Debt

Current Debt Retirement

Current (2018) Principal Outstanding \$1,382 Million

Principal Pay Off 2018 - 2023 \$435 Million

Principal Pay Off 2023 – 2028 \$302 Million

Total 10 Year Capacity \$738 Million

Assumes Constant Overall Debt Levels

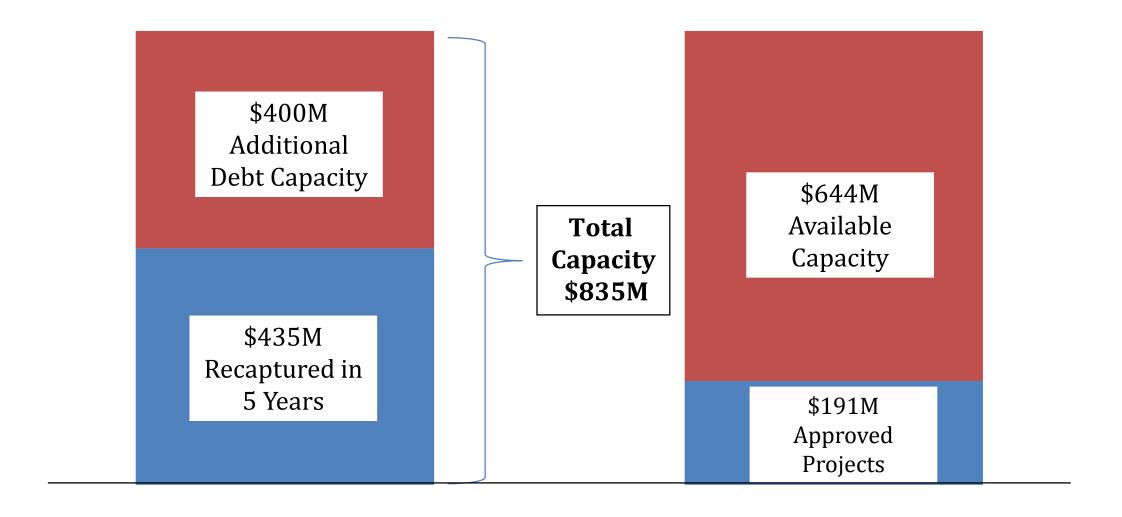
Capacity for Additional Debt

Indicator	University of Illinois FY2018*	University of Illinois +\$400 million	Median** A1	Median** Comprehensive Public
Annual Debt Service Coverage	6.5	2.7	2.0	2.6
Total Debt to Cash Flow (X)	1.9	4.8	5.5	4.7
Total Debt to Capitalization (%)	17.5	27.0	32.4	26.5
Monthly Days Cash on Hand	141.5	134.0	149.7	170.6
Spendable Cash & Investments to Total Debt (X)	2.6	2.0	1.0	1.6

^{*} FY2018 Moody's Credit Ratios calculated by PFM. Actual results may vary.

^{**} Moody's 2017 Public Higher Education

Existing Capacity for Additional Debt



Next Steps

- Refine Priority Projects for First Five Years
- Create Feasible Funding Plan (including P3 and debt issuance)
- Review Capital Delivery Processes
- Present 5-year Plan to Board

