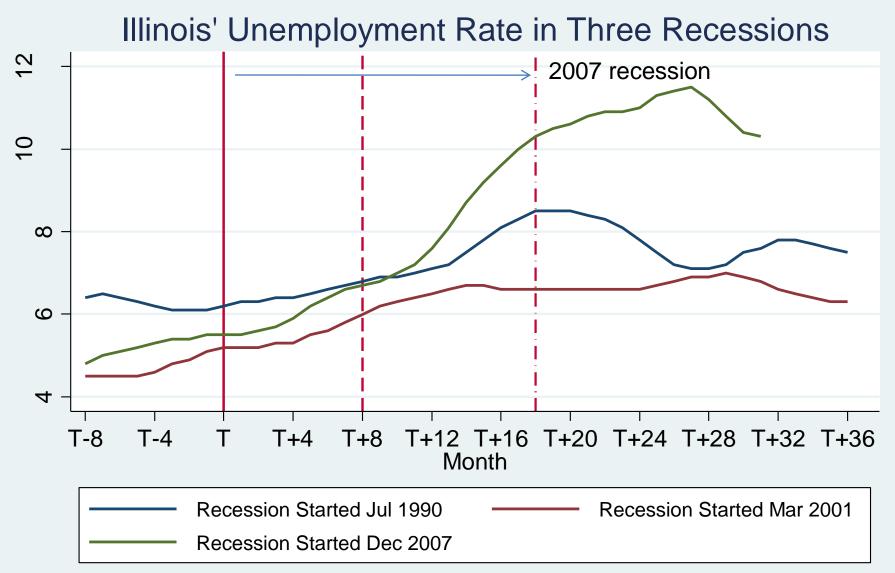
Illinois' Economy and Fiscal Challenges: Current situation and future prospects

Presentation to the Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois September 23, 2010 David Merriman Professor and Associate Director Inst. of Gov't and Public Affairs

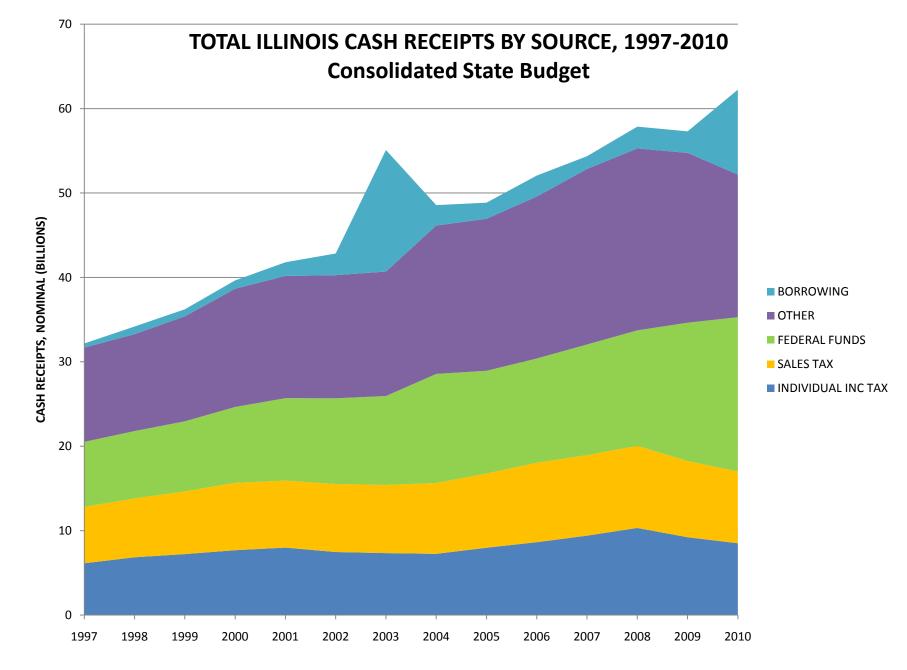
> Institute of Government and Public Affairs University of Illinois



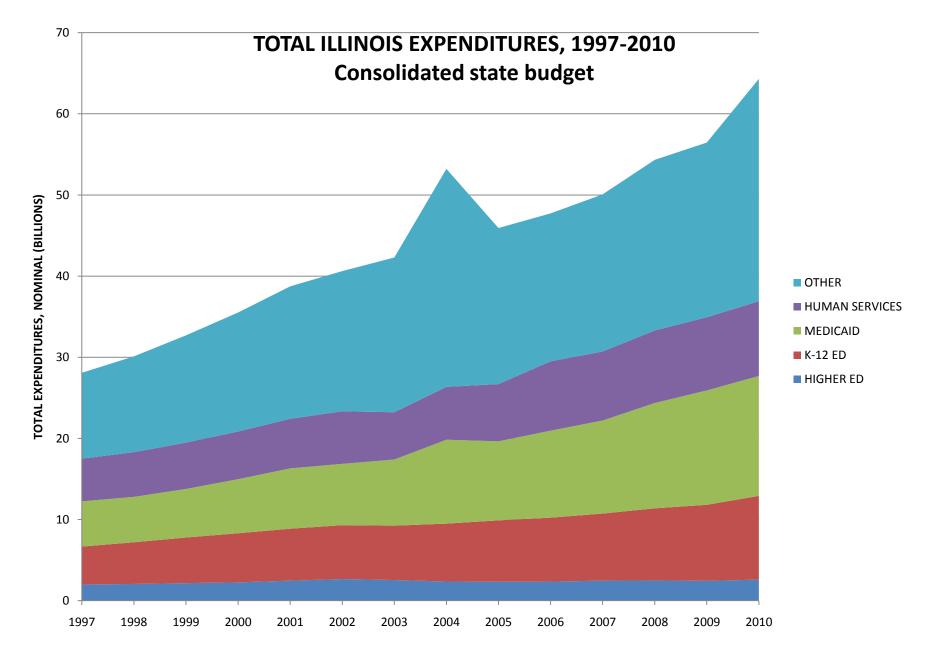
'T' indicates month recession started. 1990 and 2001 recessions each lasted 8 months. 2007 recession lasted 18 months Source:US Bureau of Labor Statistics and IGPA calculations.

Relationship between job loss and fiscal condition

- Geoffrey Hewings has estimated that each loss of 1000 jobs reduces
 - personal income tax revenue by about \$1.8 million
 - Sales tax revenue by about \$2 million
- About 400,000 jobs were lost in the 2007 recession.
- This job loss reduced Illinois tax revenue by roughly \$1.5 billion.
- Economic downturn explains <u>part</u> but not all of the fiscal crisis.

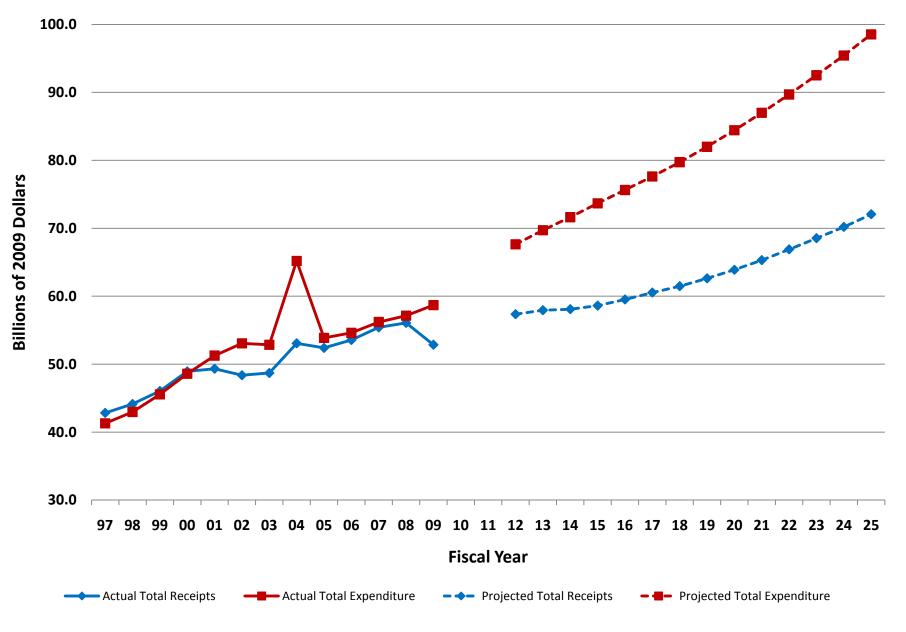


Source: Illinois Comptroller and calculations by Fiscal Futures Project, Institute of Gov't and Public Affairs U of I. Figures for 2010 are preliminary



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Illinois' Structural Deficit



Source: Fiscal Futures Project, Institute of Gov't and Public Affairs U of I see http://igpa.uillinois.edu/content/fiscal-futures-project

Constructive steps

- Commit to long term plan for fiscal sustainability
 - Clarity in reporting revenues and expenditures
 - Rejection of gimmicks
 - These steps will promote credibility and business expansion
- Economic development policies
 - Patience is required.
 - Focus on fundamentals like infrastructure and education.
 - Don't tilt toward particular industries.
- Tax system
 - Broaden the tax base, which promotes economic efficiency and revenue enhancement.
 - Recognize that business taxation is ultimately paid by individuals.