MAFBE Update and Preliminary Supplier Diversity Assessment



Presented to the Board of Trustees March 23, 2011

MAFBE OVERVIEW

□ The purpose of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Females, and Persons with Disabilities Act (30 ILCS 575) is to provide access to procurement opportunities by creating an equitable and competitive business environment while stimulating the growth and development of businesses owned by minorities, females and persons with disabilities.

■ What defines a MABFE owned business?

- It is 51% owned and controlled by one or more of the following:
 - Minority Persons (African American, Hispanic, Asian American, Native American)
 - Females
 - Persons with Disability (severe physical or mental disability), and
- Average annual gross sales of less than \$31.4M; increases to \$75M for FY11.

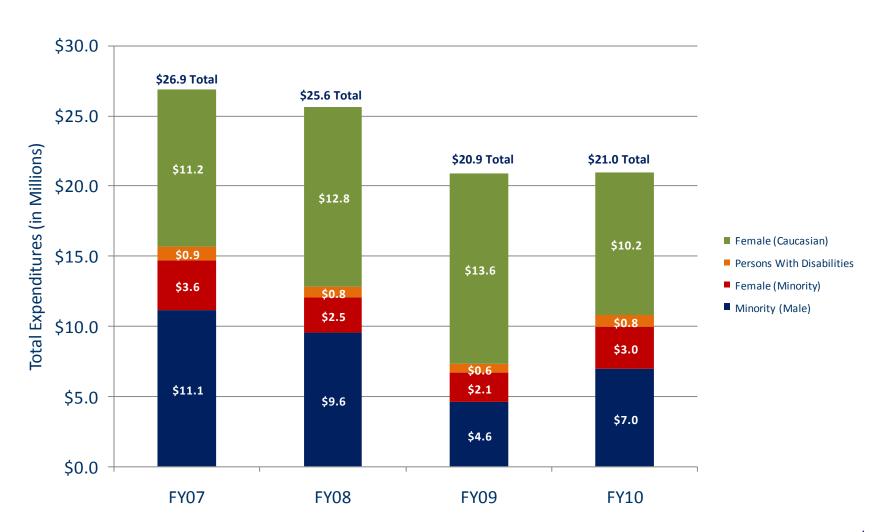
FYI0 Goal of 19%

- Female Caucasian 9% Minority (Female) 3%
- Minority (Male) 5%
 Persons with Disability 2%

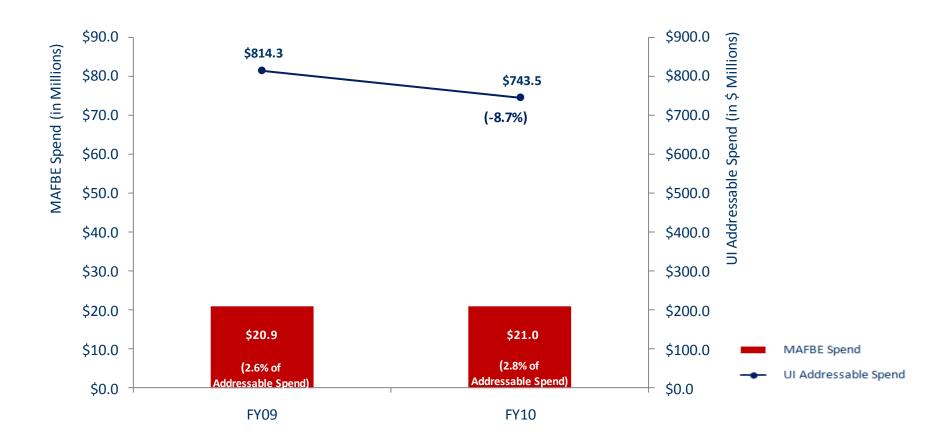
FY07-FY10 CAPITAL & NON-CAPITAL MAFBE EXPENDITURES



FY07-FY10 MAFBE EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY



FY09 & FY10 MAFBE EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS ADDRESSABLE SPEND



NOTES

(1) Addressable spend only includes expenditures where the designated MAFBE agency determines that minority vendor opportunities exist.

MAFBE OUTREACH ACTIVITIES & VENDOR WORKSHOPS

Initiated Annual MAFBE Conference three years ago:

- UIC-sponsored conference held in Chicago
- Representation from all University of Illinois campuses, UIC departments, other higher education institutions, and government agencies
- Attended by approximately 400 MAFBE vendors in 2010, a 66% increase from 2009

Other Outreach Events – a total of 17 for FY10, including:

- Minority Business Development Agency (MBDA) Annual Vendor Conference
- Chicago Business Opportunity Fair (CBOF)
- WBDC Annual Woman's Entrepreneurial Conference
- Hispanic American Construction Industry Association Construction Expo
- Chicago Changing Color of Leadership Conference
- Cook County Business Opportunity Expo

Conducted six Purchasing and OCP Vendor Workshops during FY 10

STEPS TO INCREASE MABFE PARTICIPATION

- Issued an RFP to request the services of a diversity consultant who will be expected to provide, among other services, the following:
 - An assessment of current MAFBE efforts and opportunities for improvement
 - An identification of opportunities to increase MAFBE spend in professional services, supplies and equipment and construction
 - Proposed strategies for increasing MAFBE spend in these areas
 - Recommendations on MAFBE goals by campus and/or commodity area
 - Recommendations on staffing levels, training and communication
- The results of this engagement are expected to generate strategies and opportunities for increasing MAFBE participation



Assessment Overview for the Board of Trustees

March 23, 2011 Springfield, Illinois



What We'll Discuss

- 1) About Bronner and Our University of IL Team
- 2) The University's Statement of Work: Our Charge
- 3) "Key Takeaways" from the Phase One Assessment: Regarding the IL Procurement Environment; Regarding the University's Supplier Diversity Policy; Regarding the University's Implementation of Supplier Diversity; Regarding University Outreach to Diverse Vendors; and Regarding the University's Sourcing Strategies
- 4) Next Steps in Our Supplier Diversity Engagement
- 5) Questions from the Board and Discussion





About Bronner Group, LLC

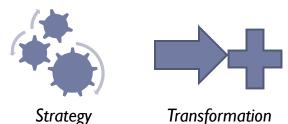
BRONNER State of Illinois/City of Chicago Certified WBE





Founded in 1987 by University of IL Alumnus Gila J. Bronner

Provider of Professional Services Exclusively to the Public Sector





BRONNER Designing Supplier Diversity Compliance for the City of Chicago





The University's Scope



"The purpose of this RFP is to obtain a report outlining recommendations and strategies that can be implemented by the University to enhance the participation by minorities, females, persons with disabilities and disadvantaged businesses in the University's contracting."



PHASETWO: RECOMMEND

PHASE THREE: IMPLEMENT





Key Takeaways: IL Procurement Environment

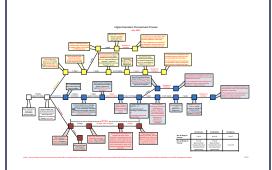
Why does the Procurement Environment Interfere with Supplier Diversity?



Diverse Businesses Choose Not to Compete



Businesses Believe Outreach is "Regulated," not "Encouraged"

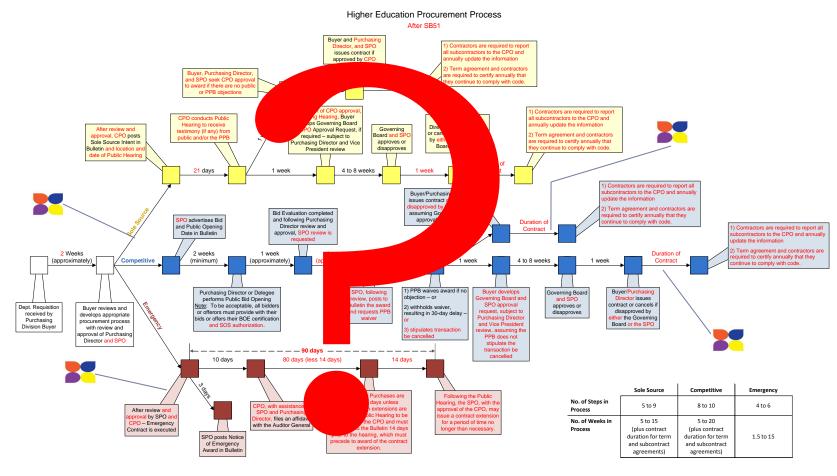


Routine Procurement Activities Require Substantial New Effort





Key Takeaways: IL Procurement Environment



NOTE: During all steps of the procurement process after SB51, a detailed summary record of all vendor communications must be maintained and reported monthly to the Procurement Policy Board (PPB) for publications in the PPB clearinghouse website.





Key Takeaways: University Policy

The commitment to supplier diversity by the Board of Trustees and University Administration is sincere.

However, despite acknowledgement of the commitment and legitimate effort to meet it, the University's statements do not adequately communicate the societal benefits and University value of a vibrant supplier diversity program,

The University's policy does not properly reflect the conditions necessary for the commitment to be operationally viable.





Key Takeaways: University Policy

What the Board and Administration Say Matters.

The NATURE and quality of the University's policy statements about supplier diversity programming

The MANNER in which the University's policy statements have been circulated across the University community

The UNIVERSITY'S goals and objectives, including the quality by which those goals are tracked, measured and evaluated

The EFFORT and involvement of University administrators and personnel in executing the spirit of the University's policy statements, goals and objectives

The EXTENT to which the University continues – at all levels – a dialogue about supplier diversity and continued interest in meeting the goals and objectives





Key Takeaways: University Implementation

The University's supplier diversity program is <u>inadequately</u> resourced.

The sheer volume of routine, day-to-day procurement activities occupies increasingly larger increments of time, thus <u>relegating</u> supplier diversity to a secondary objective by necessity.

Further, as conditions on each campus differ, the University's ability to mitigate those challenges by sharing practices and tactics is also limited by an <u>insufficient staffing structure</u>.





Key Takeaways: University Implementation

Where is the Organizational Responsibility for Supplier Diversity?

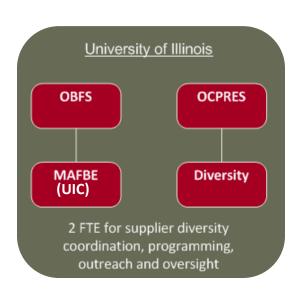
CENTRAL	CAMPUS
Better Leveraging of Best Practices and Success Stories	Better Understanding of Unique Economic Profiles
Peer Universities Endorse Central Coordination	Involvement of Chancellors and Campus Leaders is Necessary
Central Ownership of all Data Concerning Diverse Contracts	Actionable Plans to Mitigate Campus Challenges

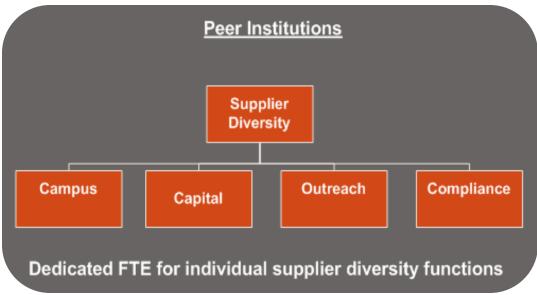




Key Takeaways: University Implementation

The Current Staffing Structure Doesn't Measure Up.









Key Takeaways: University Outreach

The University has undertaken <u>considerable effort</u> to engage with the minority vendor community.

This effort has been <u>particularly noteworthy</u> in Chicago given the size of the vendor population located in the metropolitan area.

There is room for substantial improvement, however, in non-traditional outreach to diverse vendors and in building greater capacity amongst those businesses.

Improvement in this area is <u>directly tied</u> to the resource assessment summarized above.





Key Takeaways: University Sourcing Strategies

There is unrealized opportunity to leverage state and local resources to identify diverse businesses.

The University's existing effort <u>relies heavily on self-identification</u> by vendors through conference participation or bid submission.

However, it has <u>not adequately accessed</u> nor coordinated with supplier diversity programs and initiatives administered by state and local agencies in Illinois.





Key Takeaways: University Sourcing Strategies



Mentor-Protégé Program

SIEMENS

Corporate Alliance



Local Inventory



Geographic Expansion



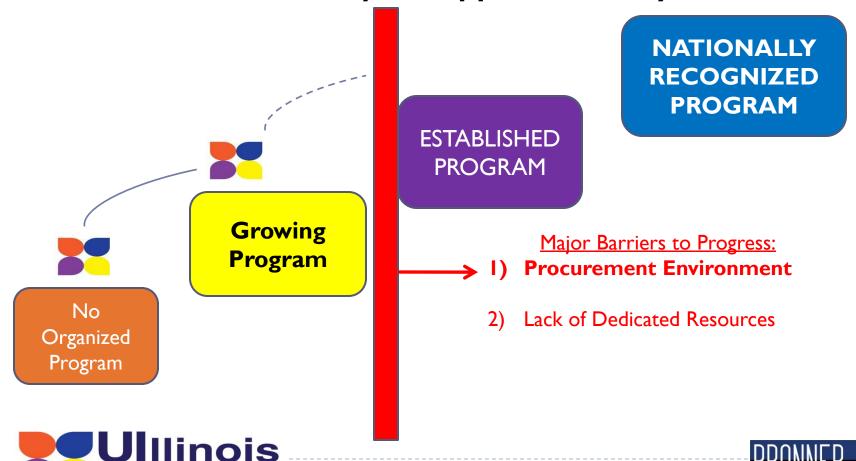
Capacity Building





Summary and Next Steps

The University is on the Path to National Leadership in Supplier Diversity



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Supplier Diversity

Summary and Next Steps

Phase Two: Recommendations

- Involve the University Community (MAFBE Advisory Committee)
- Engage with the Vendor Community: What Works?
- Evaluate Peer University Best Practices
- Specific Contract Categories: Where are the Vendors?

Phase Three: Implementation

- Prepare new University Supplier Diversity Policy Statement
- Establish Clear Roles and Responsibilities
- Develop a Progress Reporting and Performance System





Questions and Discussion



